L10

Computational chemistry: Critical appraisal

Mario Barbatti

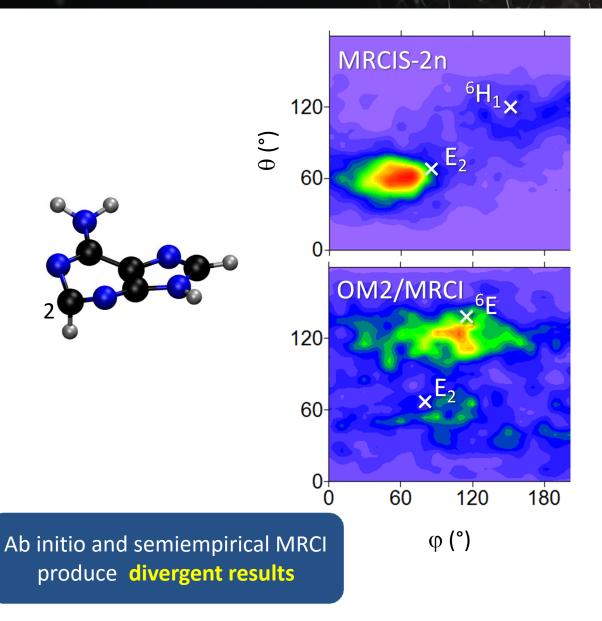
A*Midex Chair Professor mario.barbatti@univ-amu.fr

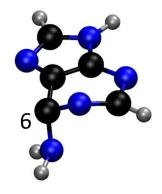
Aix Marseille Université, Institut de Chimie Radicalaire



Adenine: Ab Initio x Empirical

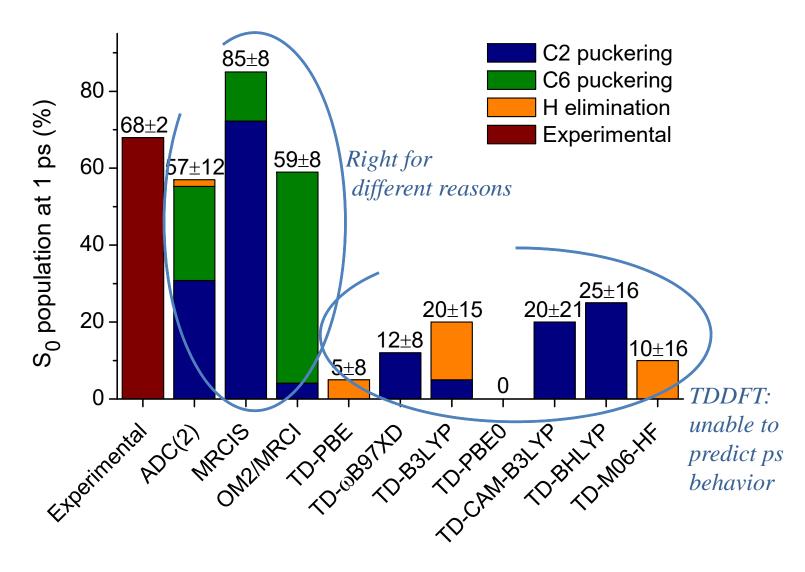






Ground-State Population at 1 ps (Ade)

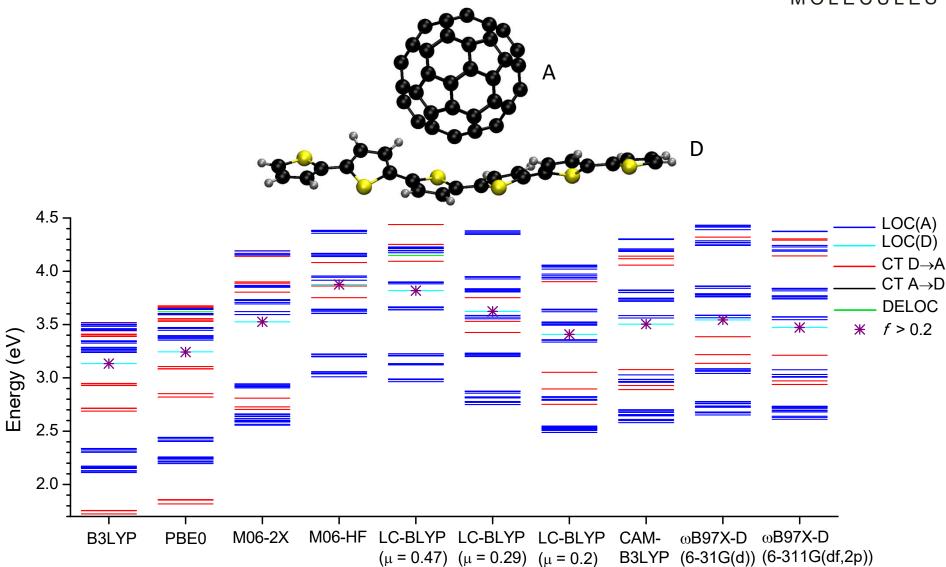
MOLECULES



• Plasser, Crespo-Otero, Pederzoli, Pittner, Lischka, Barbatti, JCTC 10, 1395 (2014)

Problem isn't only Adenine

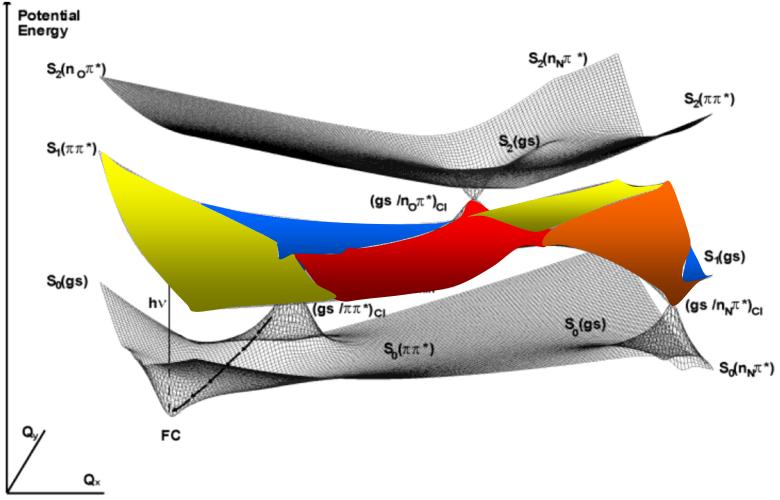




• Sen, Crespo-Otero, Weingart, Thiel, Barbatti, JCTC 9, 533 (2013)

The Root of All Evil



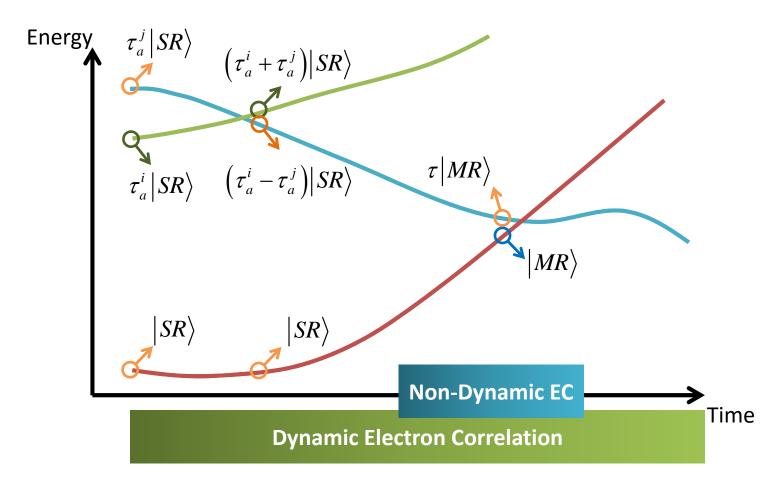


- Excited-state spectral region has high density of states
- Small variation in geometry leads to a change of electronic character
- No affordable method can describe all characters at the same level



Electron Correlation: Dyn x Non-Dyn

MOLÉCULES

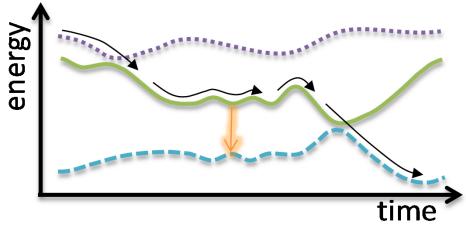


If DEC is needed everywhere and NDEC only at the intersection, why choosing CASSCF (only DEC) for dynamics?

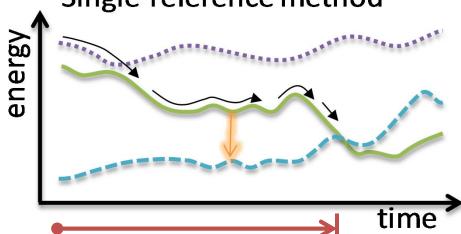
Dynamics with Single Reference



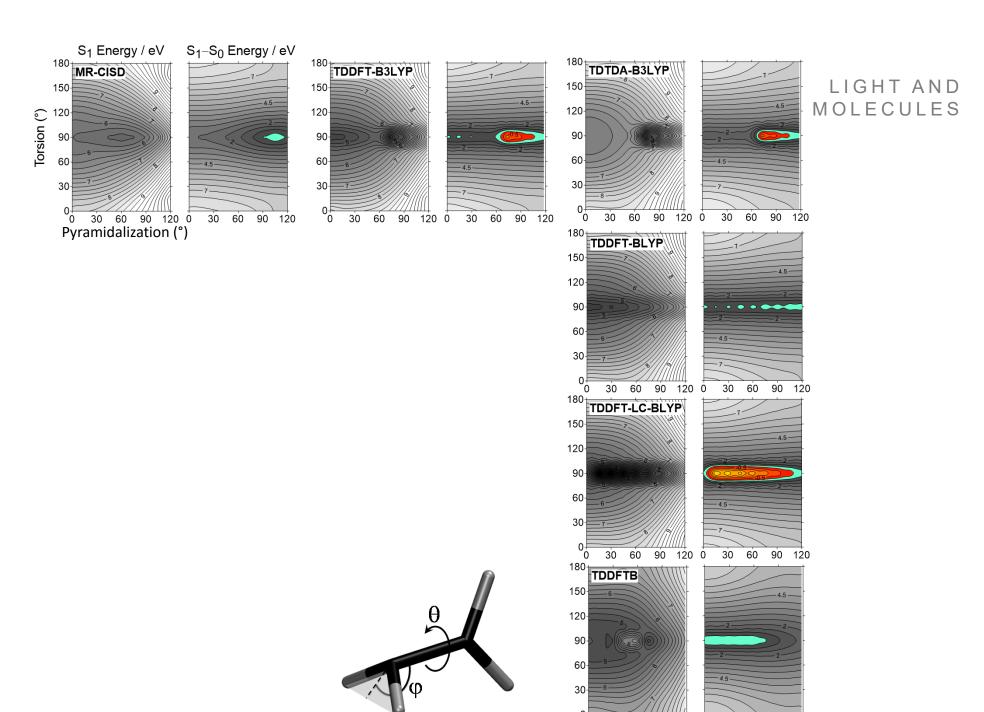




Single-reference method



Up to here, dynamics may be OK.
But we need better research protocols
to guarantee quality



60 90

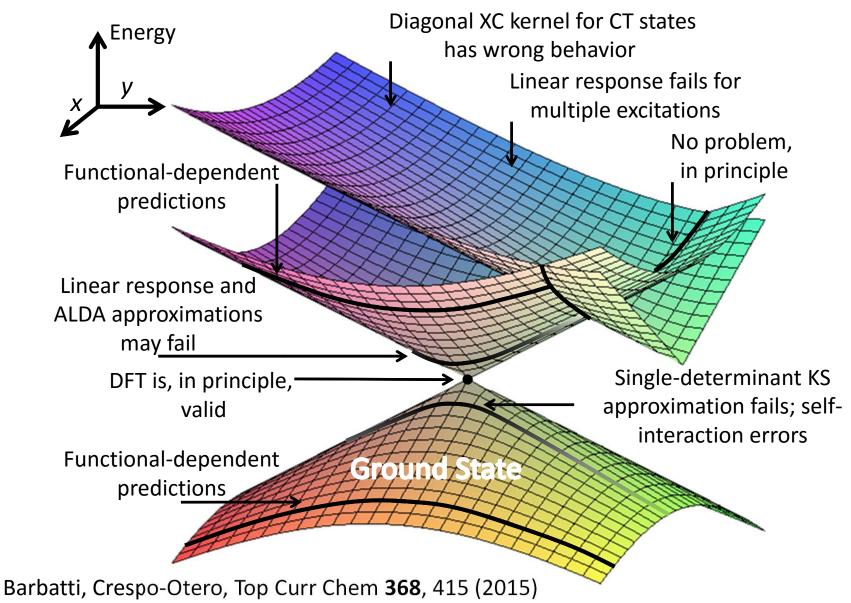
120 0

30 60

90 120

Dynamics with TDDFT



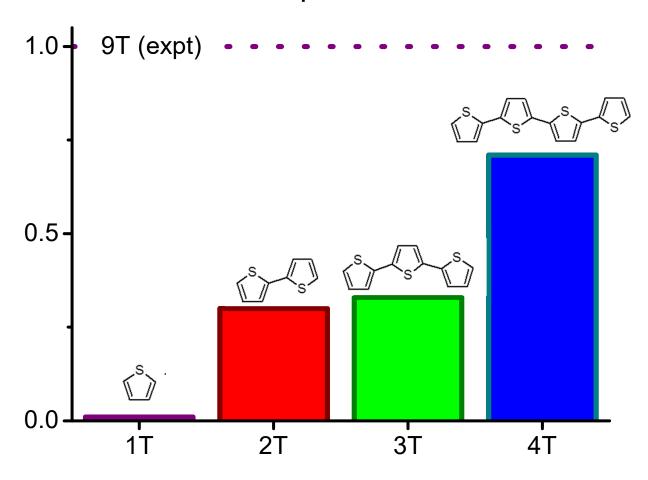


Dynamics of Thiophene Oligomers

MOLECULES

 $\mathsf{TD}\text{-}\omega\mathsf{B}\mathsf{9}\mathsf{7}\mathsf{X}\mathsf{D}/\mathsf{6}\text{-}\mathsf{3}\mathsf{1}\mathsf{G}^*$

Excited Population at 300 fs



Fazzi, Barbatti, Thiel, PCCP, accepted (2015)

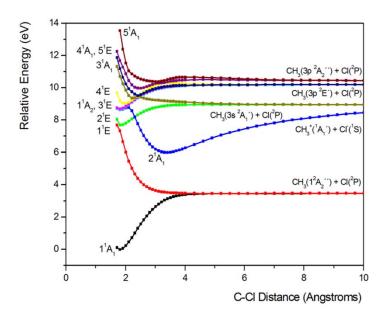


Computational chemistry of excited states:

- Powerful tool to understand mechanisms and interpret experiments
- Due to very complex electronic densities, they demand high expertise
- Used like black-box they may lead to qualitatively wrong results

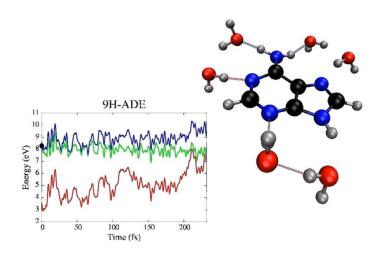
Reaction pathways:

- They can be computed with very high computational levels
- However, they are limited to few biased coordinates based on "educated guess"



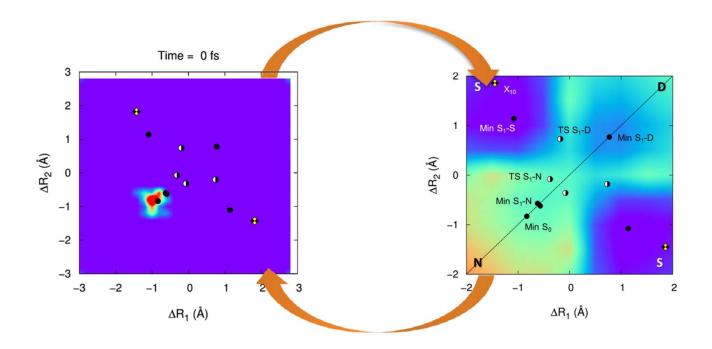
Semiclassical Dynamics:

- All degrees of freedom can be explored
- It reveals features that we would otherwise miss
- However, the computational level must be strongly downgraded



The best we can do is to combine them, reaction paths and dynamics

- Start with reaction paths comparing low/high levels and different methods
- Do low level-dynamics to let the important degrees revel themselves
- Move to high-level reaction paths to check the results
- If things are not consistent, go back, improve dynamics level
- Repeat the steps till self-consistence is achieved



The Five Commandments

- I. Thou shalt use dynamics only for what is really necessary
- II. Test thy inputs and outputs before submitting thy real production jobs
- III. Thou shalt NOT let computers running alone without checking what is going on
- IV. Thou shalt NOT start dynamics without a very careful investigation of the theoretical level
 - V. Thou art a limited and biased being, therefore, thou shalt NOT rely on thy eyes to perform analysis

The path to success



- Use automatic approach for data input and analysis.
- Test the results with methods from different families (DFT x CC, for example).
- Improve statistics and compute statistical errors.
- Limit analysis to significant results with the error bar.
- Don't blindly rely on previous works. Reanalyze their data.
- Be rigorous and honest. Report negative results and failures.